

Question #166

Key: C

Write (i) as $\frac{p_k}{p_{k-1}} = c + \frac{c}{k}$

This is an $(a, b, 0)$ distribution with $a = b = c$.

Which?

1. If Poisson, $a = 0$, so $c = 0$ and $b = 0$

$$p_1 = p_2 = \dots = 0$$

$$p_0 = 0.5$$

p_k 's do not sum to 1. Impossible. Thus not Poisson

2. If Geometric, $b = 0$, so $c = 0$ and $a = 0$

By same reasoning as #1, impossible, so not Geometric.

3. If binomial, a and b have opposite signs. But here $a = b$, so not binomial.

4. Thus negative binomial.

$$1 = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{\beta / (1 + \beta)}{(r - 1)\beta / (1 - \beta)} = \frac{1}{r - 1}$$

so $r = 2$

$$p_0 = 0.5 = (1 + \beta)^{-r} = (1 + \beta)^{-2}$$

$$1 + \beta = \sqrt{2} = 1.414$$

$$\beta = \sqrt{2} - 1 = 0.414$$

$$c = a = \beta / (1 + \beta) = 0.29$$