

Question #168

Key: B

$$S_X(150) = 1 - 0.2 = 0.8$$

$$f_{Y^P}(y) = \frac{f_X(y+150)}{S_X(150)} \quad \text{So } f_{Y^P}(50) = \frac{0.2}{0.8} = 0.25$$

$$f_{Y^P}(150) = \frac{0.6}{0.8} = 0.75$$

$$E(Y^P) = (0.25)(50) + (0.75)(150) = 125$$

$$E\left[(Y^P)^2\right] = (0.25)(50^2) + (0.75)(150)^2 = 17,500$$

$$\text{Var}(Y^P) = E\left[(Y^P)^2\right] - \left[E(Y^P)\right]^2 = 17,500 - 125^2 = 1875$$

Slight time saver, if you happened to recognize it:

$\text{Var}(Y^P) = \text{Var}(Y^P - 50)$ since subtracting a constant does not change
variance, regardless of the distribution

But $Y^P - 50$ takes on values only 0 and 100, so it can be expressed as 100 times a binomial random variable with $n = 1$, $q = 0.75$

$$\text{Var} = (100^2)(1)(0.25)(0.75) = 1875$$