

## Question #179

Key: D

For an exponential distribution, the maximum likelihood estimate of  $\theta$  is the sample mean, 6. Let  $Y = X_1 + X_2$  where each  $X$  has an exponential distribution with mean 6. The sample mean is  $Y/2$  and  $Y$  has a gamma distribution with parameters 2 and 6.

$$\Pr(Y / 2 > 10) = \Pr(Y > 20) = \int_{20}^{\infty} \frac{xe^{-x/6}}{36} dx$$

Then

$$= -\frac{xe^{-x/6}}{6} - e^{-x/6} \Big|_{20}^{\infty} = \frac{20e^{-20/6}}{6} + e^{-20/6} = 0.1546.$$