

### Question #203

Key: C

For the geometric distribution,  $\Pr(X_1 = 2 | \beta) = \frac{\beta^2}{(1 + \beta)^3}$  and the expected value is  $\beta$ .

$$\Pr(\beta = 2 | X_1 = 2) = \frac{\Pr(X_1 = 2 | \beta = 2) \Pr(\beta = 2)}{\Pr(X_1 = 2 | \beta = 2) \Pr(\beta = 2) + \Pr(X_1 = 2 | \beta = 5) \Pr(\beta = 5)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4}{27} \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{4}{27} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{25}{216} \frac{2}{3}} = 0.39024.$$

The expected value is then  $0.39024(2) + 0.60976(5) = 3.83$ .