

### Question #24

Answer: B

$K$  is the curtate future lifetime for one insured.

$L$  is the loss random variable for one insurance.

$L_{AGG}$  is the aggregate loss random variables for the individual insurances.

$\sigma_{AGG}$  is the standard deviation of  $L_{AGG}$ .

$M$  is the number of policies.

$$L = v^{K+1} - \pi \ddot{a}_{\overline{K+1}|} = \left(1 + \frac{\pi}{d}\right) v^{K+1} - \pi/d$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[L] &= (A_x - \pi \ddot{a}_x) = A_x - \pi \frac{(1 - A_x)}{d} \\ &= 0.24905 - 0.025 \left( \frac{0.75095}{0.056604} \right) = -0.082618 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}[L] = \left(1 + \frac{\pi}{d}\right)^2 \left({}^2A_x - A_x^2\right) = \left(1 + \frac{0.025}{0.056604}\right)^2 \left(0.09476 - (0.24905)^2\right) = 0.068034$$

$$E[L_{AGG}] = M E[L] = -0.082618M$$

$$\text{Var}[L_{AGG}] = M \text{Var}[L] = M(0.068034) \Rightarrow \sigma_{AGG} = 0.260833\sqrt{M}$$

$$\Pr[L_{AGG} > 0] = \Pr\left[\frac{L_{AGG} - E[L_{AGG}]}{\sigma_{AGG}} > \frac{-E[L_{AGG}]}{\sigma_{AGG}}\right]$$

$$\approx \Pr\left(N(0,1) > \frac{0.082618M}{\sqrt{M}(0.260833)}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.645 = \frac{0.082618\sqrt{M}}{0.260833}$$

$$\Rightarrow M = 26.97$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{minimum number needed} = 27$$