

Solution # 263

$$q_{30} = 0.4$$

$$q_{40} = 0.6$$

Deaths are uniformly distributed between integer ages

$0.25 q_{30.5:40.5}^2 = \Pr(\text{Both } (30.5) \text{ and } (40.5) \text{ die within } 0.25 \text{ years, with } (30.5) \text{ dying second})$

$$0.25 q_{30.5:40.5}^2 = \int_0^{0.25} {}_t q_{40.5} {}_t p_{30.5} \mu_{30.5+t} dt$$

* Under UDD assumption

$${}_t q_x = t \cdot q_x$$

$${}_t p_x \mu_{x+t} = \frac{d}{dt} {}_t q_x = q_x$$

${}_t p_x \mu_{x+t}$ is the density function of T_x

${}_t q_x$ is the distribution function of T_x

$$\begin{aligned} {}_tq_{40.5} &= {}_tq_{40} / {}_{0.5}p_{40} = t \cdot q_{40} / (1 - 0.5q_{40}) \\ &= \frac{0.6t}{1 - 0.5(0.6)} = \frac{0.6t}{0.7} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} {}_tP_{30.5} \mu_{30.5+t} &= {}_tP_{30.5} \cdot \frac{\frac{d}{dt} {}_tq_{30.5}}{{}_tP_{30.5}} \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} \left({}_tq_{30} / {}_{0.5}p_{30} \right) \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} \left(t \cdot q_{30} / (1 - 0.5q_{30}) \right) \\ &= q_{30} / (1 - 0.5q_{30}) \\ &= 0.4 / (1 - \frac{1}{2}(0.4)) \\ &= 1/2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0.25 q_{30.5:40.5}^2 &= \int_0^{0.25} \frac{0.6t}{0.7} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) dt \\ &= \int_0^{0.25} \left(\frac{3}{7} \right) t dt \\ &= \left(\frac{3}{7} \right) \frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_0^{0.25} \\ &= \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^2 \\ &= 0.0134 \end{aligned}$$

(A)