

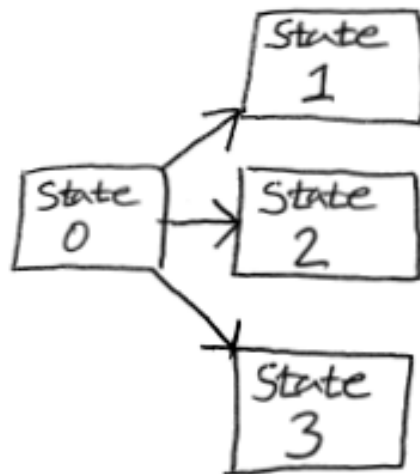
Solution #283

Given

$$\mu_{x+t}^{01} = 0.3$$

$$\mu_{x+t}^{02} = 0.5$$

$$\mu_{x+t}^{03} = 0.7$$



Calculate P_x^{02}

P_x^{02} = Probability of an x -year old in state 0 at time 0 being in state 2 at time 1

$$P_x^{02} = \int_0^1 {}_tP_x^{\overline{00}} \cdot \mu_{x+t}^{02} \cdot {}_{1-t}P_{x+t}^{\overline{22}} dt$$

$${}_tP_x^{\overline{00}} = \exp\left[-\int_0^t \mu_{x+s}^{0\cdot} ds\right]$$

$$*\mu_{x+s}^{0\cdot} = \mu_{x+s}^{01} + \mu_{x+s}^{02} + \mu_{x+s}^{03}$$

$$= 0.3 + 0.5 + 0.7$$

$$= 1.5$$

$${}_tP_x^{\overline{00}} = \exp(-1.5t)$$

$1-tP_{x+t}^{\overline{22}} = 1 \rightarrow$ It is not possible to exit state 2

$$P_x^{02} = \int_0^1 {}_tP_x^{\overline{00}} \mu_{x+t}^{02} 1-tP_{x+t}^{\overline{22}} dt$$

$$= \int_0^1 e^{-1.5t} \cdot 0.5 \cdot 1 dt$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{1.5}\right)(0.5) \cdot e^{-1.5t} \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} [1 - e^{-1.5}]$$

$$= 0.259 \approx 0.26$$

(A)