43. A company takes out an insurance policy to cover accidents that occur at its manufacturing plant. The probability that one or more accidents will occur during any given month is \( \frac{3}{5} \). The number of accidents that occur in any given month is independent of the number of accidents that occur in all other months.

Calculate the probability that there will be at least four months in which no accidents occur before the fourth month in which at least one accident occurs.

(A) 0.01  
(B) 0.12  
(C) 0.23  
(D) 0.29  
(E) 0.41

44. An insurance policy pays 100 per day for up to 3 days of hospitalization and 50 per day for each day of hospitalization thereafter.

The number of days of hospitalization, \( X \), is a discrete random variable with probability function

\[
P(X = k) = \begin{cases} 
\frac{6-k}{15} & \text{for } k = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \\
0 & \text{otherwise.}
\end{cases}
\]

Determine the expected payment for hospitalization under this policy.